

Province of Ontario Presentation

November 2023

Ontario Financing Authority www.ofina.on.ca

Ontario Overview

- The Province of Ontario is located in a prime economic area with excellent international connectivity and close ties to the United States.
- In 2022, Ontario had a population of 15.1 million with nominal GDP estimated at over \$1 trillion, both representing almost 40 per cent of Canada.
- Ontario has a diverse advanced economy, with technology-led manufacturing, extensive financial and business services, and globally recognised higher education and scientific research. It has a relatively smaller primary resource sector compared to the rest of Canada.
- The province has direct taxation powers and stable growth, and is a major beneficiary in Canada of international investment and worker migration. Services account for about 77 per cent of the overall economy.





2023 Ontario Economic Outlook and Fiscal Review

- The government is projecting deficits of \$5.6 billion in 2023–24 and \$5.3 billion in 2024–25 followed by a surplus of \$0.5 billion in 2025–26.
- The 2023 Ontario Economic Outlook and Fiscal Review planning assumption is for real GDP to rise 1.1 per cent in 2023, 0.5 per cent in 2024, 2.0 per cent in 2025 and 2.9 per cent in 2026. The planning assumption is for nominal GDP to rise by 3.6 per cent in 2023, 2.9 per cent in 2024, 4.2 per cent in 2025 and 4.8 per cent in 2026.
- Ontario's 2023–24 net debt-to-GDP ratio is now forecast to be 38.4 per cent, an increase of 0.6 percentage points from the forecasted 37.8 per cent in the 2023 Budget, mainly due to higher than previously projected deficits. Ontario's net debt-to-GDP is now forecast to be 39.1 per cent in 2024–25 and 38.7 per cent in 2025–26.
- As of the release of the 2023 Ontario Economic Outlook and Fiscal Review, Ontario has completed \$15 billion of its \$34.7 billion long-term borrowing program. Ontario's long-term borrowing requirement for 2023–24 increased by \$7.2 billion from the 2023 Budget forecast, primarily due to higher than previously forecasted deficits in 2022–23 and 2023–24.



• The Ministry of Finance's GDP planning projections are set slightly below the average of private-sector forecasts for the purposes of prudent fiscal planning.

Economic Summary (Per Cent)	2022	2023p	2024p	2025p	2026p
Real GDP Growth	3.7	1.1	0.5	2.0	2.8
Nominal GDP Growth	9.2	3.6	2.9	4.2	4.8
Employment Growth	4.6	2.3	0.8	1.5	1.9
CPI Inflation	6.8	3.7	2.5	2.1	2.0

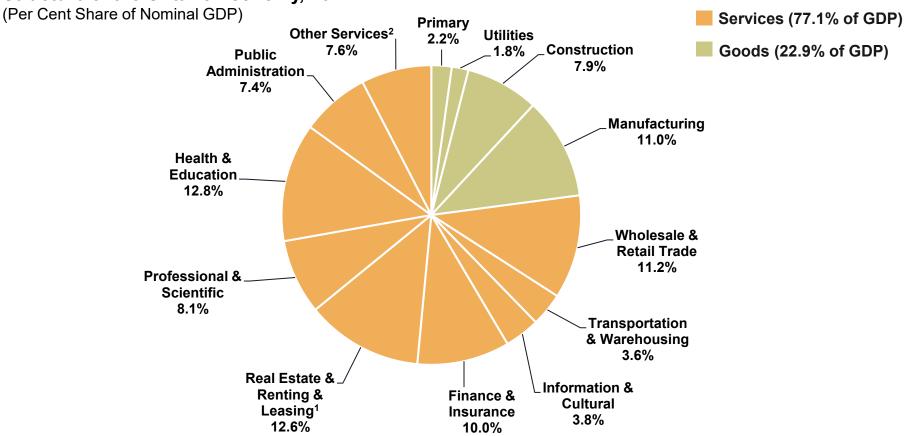


p = Ontario Ministry of Finance planning projection based on external sources as of September 29, 2023. *Sources:* Statistics Canada and Ontario Ministry of Finance.

Ontario's Diverse Economy

 Ontario has a diverse economy, with extensive financial and business services, manufacturing and a smaller primary sector compared to the rest of Canada.

Structure of the Ontario Economy, 2022



¹ Includes estimate of imputed rental income from owner occupied dwellings.

² Other services include: management of companies and enterprises; administrative and support, waste management and remediation services; arts, entertainment and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services.

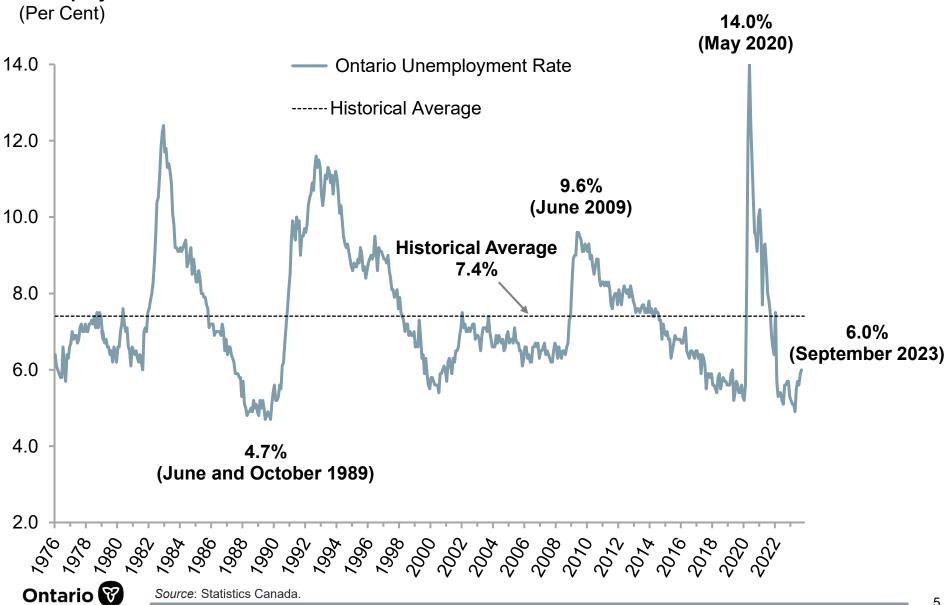
Source: Statistics Canada.



Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Ontario Unemployment Rate Remains Low

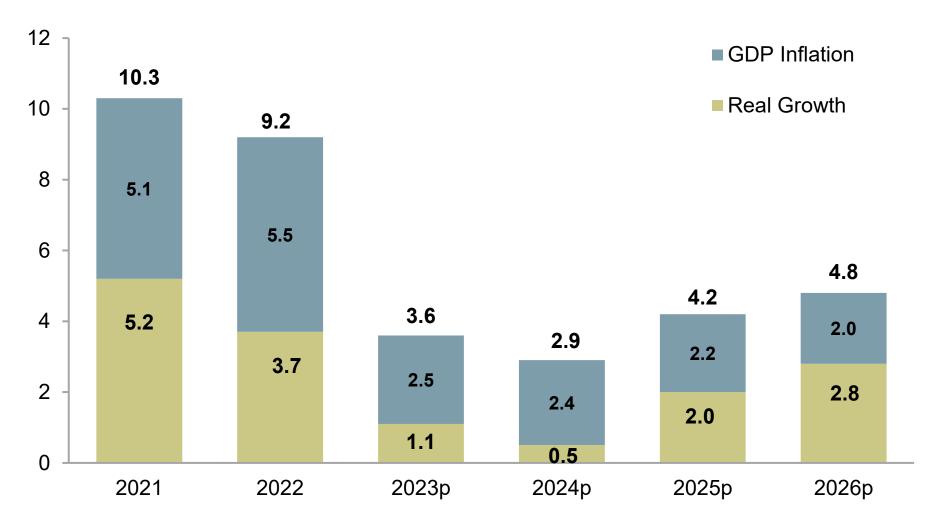
Unemployment Rate



Ontario GDP Growth Projected to Normalize

Nominal GDP Growth

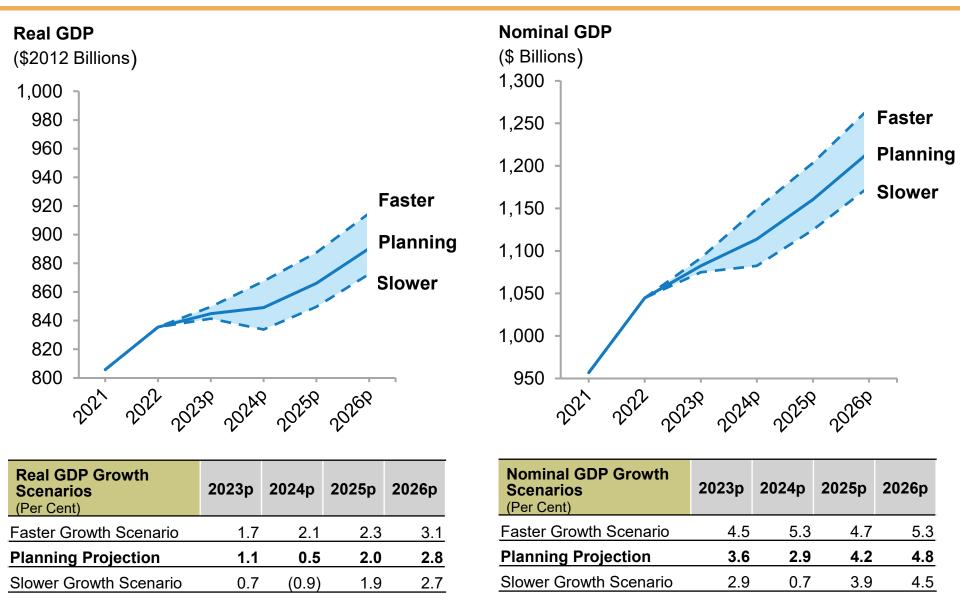
(Per Cent)



p = Ontario Ministry of Finance planning projection based on external sources as of September 29, 2023. *Sources:* Statistics Canada and Ontario Ministry of Finance.



Ontario GDP Scenario Forecasts





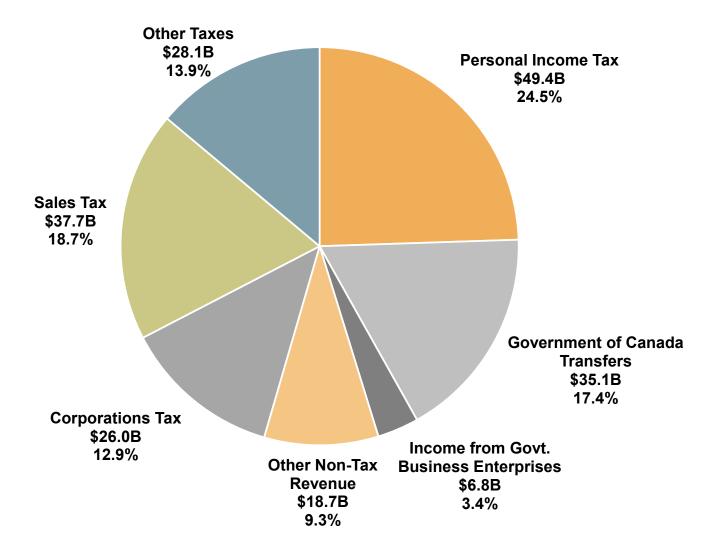
p = Ontario Ministry of Finance planning projection based on external sources as of September 29, 2023 and alternative scenarios. *Source:* Ontario Ministry of Finance.

Fiscal Summary	Actual	Medium-Term Outlook			
(\$ Billions)	2022–23	2023–24	2024–25	2025–26	
Revenue	192.9	201.8	206.7	220.0	
Expense					
Programs	186.4	193.0	196.2	202.3	
Interest on Debt	12.4	13.4	14.3	15.2	
Total Expense	198.8	206.4	210.5	217.5	
Surplus/(Deficit) Before Reserve	(5.9)	(4.6)	(3.8)	2.5	
Reserve		1.0	1.5	2.0	
Surplus/(Deficit)	(5.9)	(5.6)	(5.3)	0.5	



Composition of Total Revenue 2023–24

Revenue \$201.8 Billion

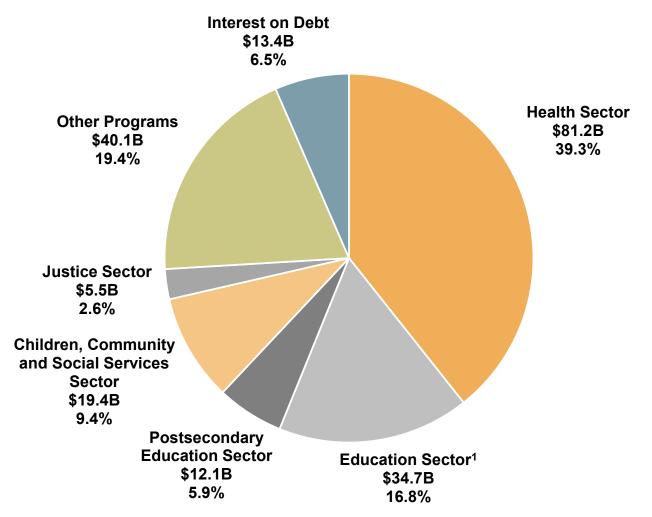


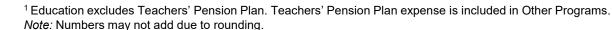


Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding. *Source:* Ontario Ministry of Finance.

Composition of Total Expense 2023–24

Total Expense \$206.4 Billion







Sources: Ontario Treasury Board Secretariat and Ontario Ministry of Finance.

Ontario's Borrowing Outlook

			Current Outlook	Medium-Te	rm Outlook
(\$ Billions)	2023 Budget	In-Year Change	2023–24	2024–25	2025–26
Deficit/(Surplus)	1.3	4.3	5.6	5.3	(0.5)
Investment in Capital Assets	13.6	0.0	13.6	18.7	19.0
Non-Cash and Cash Timing Adjustments	(9.2)	7.9	(1.3)	(11.2)	(12.0)
Loans to Infrastructure Ontario	0.1	_	0.1	0.1	0.2
Other Net Loans/Investments	0.1	(0.0)	0.1	(1.0)	(0.2)
Debt Maturities/Redemptions	31.2	(0.0)	31.2	28.0	33.1
Total Funding Requirement	37.0	12.2	49.2	39.9	39.5
Decrease/(Increase) in Short-Term Borrowing	_	_	_	(2.5)	(2.5)
Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5.0	(5.0)	-	-	-
Pre-borrowing in 2022–23 for 2023–24	(14.5)	_	(14.5)	_	_
Total Long-Term Public Borrowing	27.5	7.2	34.7	37.4	37.0



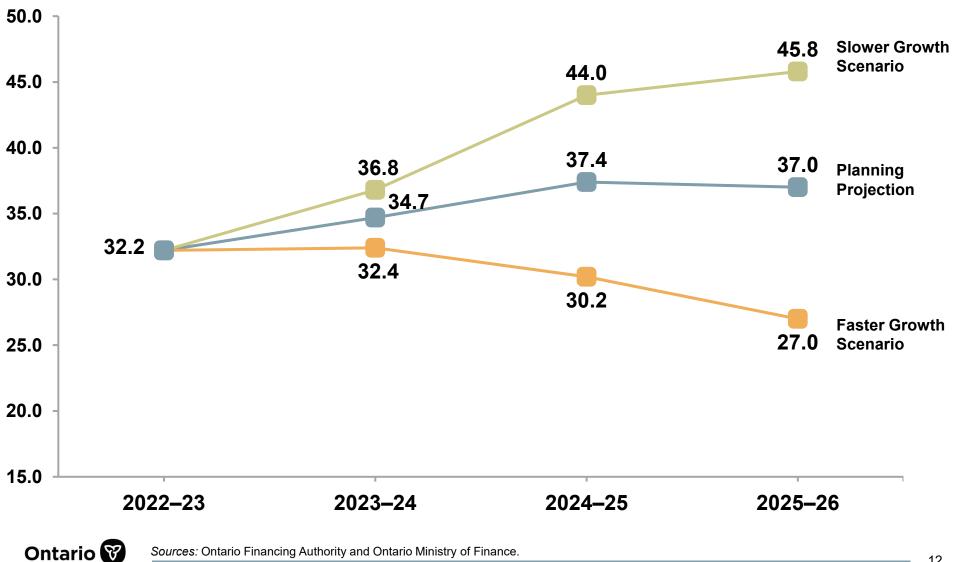
Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Source: Ontario Financing Authority.

Borrowing Outlook Scenarios for Long-Term Borrowing

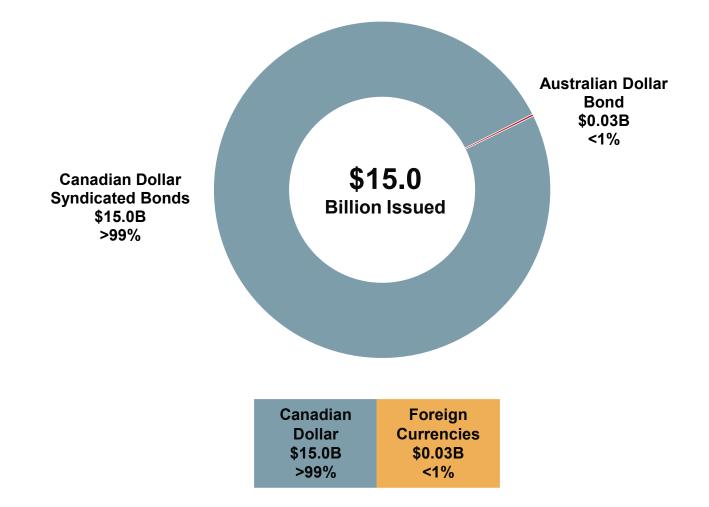
Total Long-Term Borrowing

(\$ Billions)



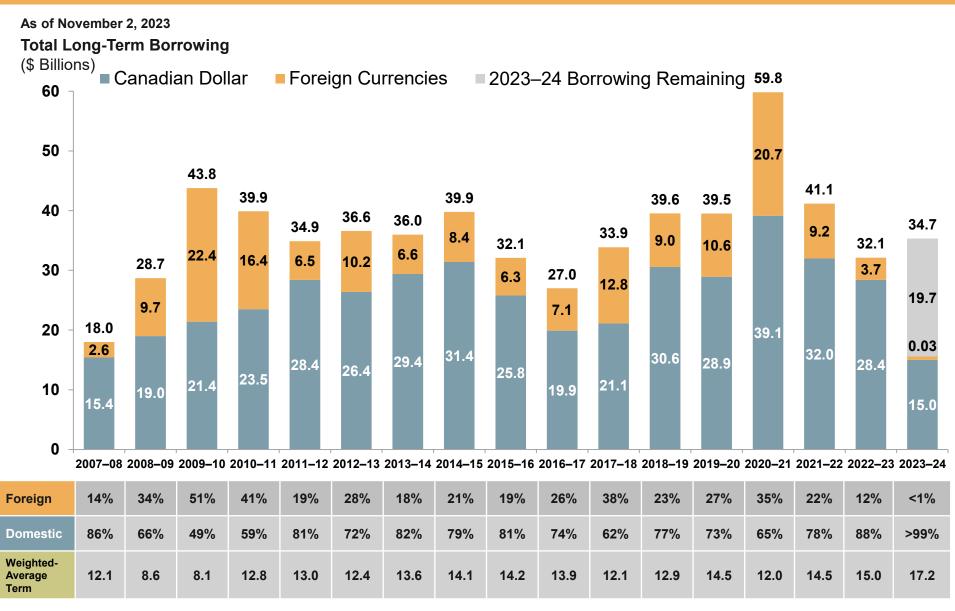
Sources: Ontario Financing Authority and Ontario Ministry of Finance.

2023–24 Borrowing Program





Domestic and International Borrowing





Note: Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Source: Ontario Financing Authority.

Weighted-Average Term of Borrowings

• Going back to the beginning of fiscal 2010–11, Ontario has issued \$129.8 billion of bonds 30 years or longer to lock in low interest rates.

Average Term (Years) Weighted Borrowing Average Term ---- Debt Portfolio Average Term 18 17.2 16 15.0 14.5 14.5 14.2 14.1 13.9 13.6 14 13.0 12.9 12.8 12.4 12.1 12.0 11.4* 12 11.1 10.9 10.9 10.9 10.9 10.8 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.4 10.1 10.1 10.0 9.7 10 8.1 8 6 4 2 0 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2021-22 2022-23 2023-24

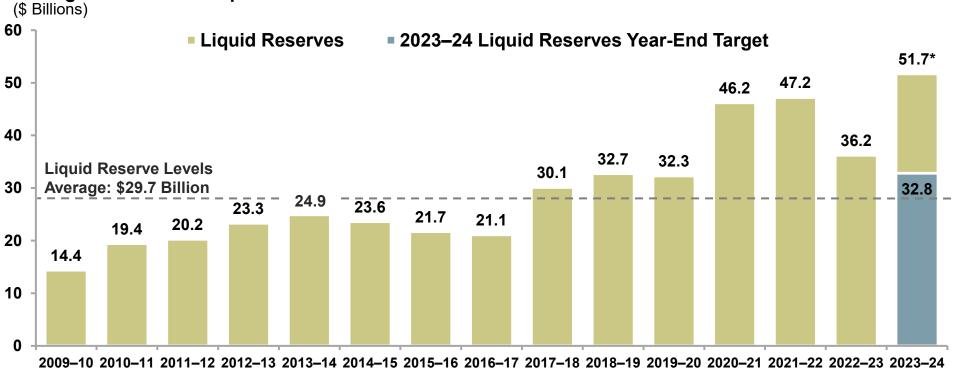


As of November 2, 2023

*As of September 30, 2023. Source: Ontario Financing Authority.

Liquidity and Short-Term Borrowing Capacity

Average Unrestricted Liquid Reserve Levels



*As of September 30, 2023.

(\$ Billions)	C\$ T-Bill Program	U.S.\$ Commercial Paper Program	Total
Currency	Canadian Dollars	U.S. Dollars	_
Maturity	1 day-3 years*	1-270 day(s)	_
Authorized	C\$46.0	C \$15.0	C\$61.0
Outstanding	C\$23.2	C\$1.9	C\$25.1
Available	C\$22.8	C\$13.1	C\$35.9

*Regular issuance of 3M, 6M and 1Y T-Bills

Note: As of October 31, 2023. Numbers may not add due to rounding.



Domestic Borrowing Program

- Ontario bonds accounted for 67.7 per cent of Canadian provincial bond trading in 2022.1
- Ontario accounted for 14.0 per cent of the FTSE Universe Bond Index, 13.6 per cent of the FTSE TMX Mid Bond Index and 22.2 per cent of the FTSE TMX Long Bond Index.²
- Large and diverse domestic underwriting syndicate of 12 dealers make active markets in Ontario bonds.
- Regular issuance of 5-year, 7-year, 10-year and 30-year issues, which are re-opened to achieve benchmark size.
- Large Order Procedure (carve-outs) to accommodate large investors (4 issues totalling \$1.8 billion so far in 2023–24).

Canadian dollar Benchmark Bonds

(As of November 1, 2023)

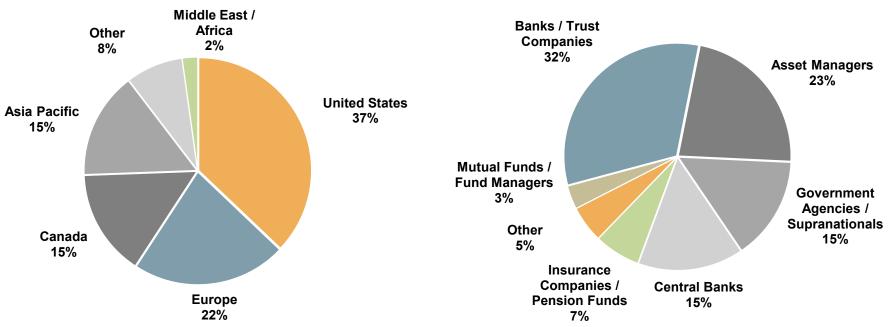
Term	Ontario		Canada	
5 yr (old)	3.60% March 8, 2028	\$5.50B	3.50% March 1, 2028	\$15.00B
5 yr (new)	3.40% September 8, 2028	\$2.00B	3.75% September 1, 2028	\$20.00B
7 yr	2.70% June 2, 2029	\$9.33B	2.25% June 1, 2029	\$12.30B
10 yr (old)	3.75% June 2, 2032	\$9.65B	2.25% December 1, 2032	\$21.00B
10 yr (new)	3.65% June 2, 2033	\$7.75B	2.75% June 1, 2033	\$19.00B
Long (old)	3.75% December 2, 2053	\$12.40B	2.00% December 1, 2051	\$51.80B
Long (new)	4.15% December 2, 2054	\$3.15B	2.00% December 1, 2053	\$32.00B



Foreign Issuance – U.S. Dollar

• The Province regularly accesses foreign markets to diversify its borrowing program and expand its investor base. The U.S. dollar is a core market for Ontario.

USD by Investor Type



USD by Geography

U.S. Dollar Issues

Term	Issue Date and Coupon	Amount (U.S.\$)
5 year	3.10% May 12, 2022	\$2.25B
10 year	2.125% January 13, 2022	\$1.50B
10 year	1.80% October 6, 2021	\$1.00B
5 year	1.05% April 7, 2021	\$3.00B
10 year	1.60% February 18, 2021	\$1.50B



Note: Data for USD by Geography and Investor Type since 2010. *Source:* Ontario Financing Authority.

Foreign Issuance

- Dependent on market conditions the Province borrows in euros, Japanese yen, pound sterling, Swiss francs and Australian dollars.
- Ontario is moving towards the pound sterling becoming a core foreign market for Ontario joining the regular large-sized bond issuance in euros.

Term	Issue Date and Coupon	Amount (Euros)
10 year	0.25% June 1, 2021	€1.00B
10 year	0.01% November 17, 2020	€2.50B
7 year	0.38% April 1, 2020	€1.00B

Pound Sterling & Swiss Franc

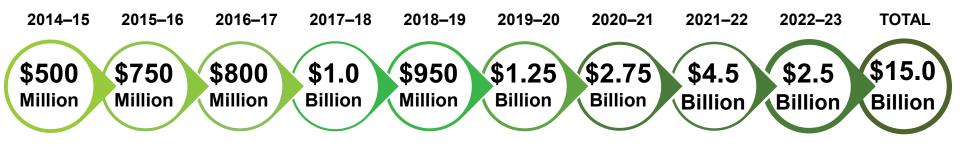
Term	Issue Date and Coupon	Amount (Sterling/Swiss Franc)
4 year	2.25% May 17, 2022	£0.50B
12 year	0.05% April 21, 2021	CHF 0.25B
5 year	0.25% January 6, 2021	£1.75B



Euros

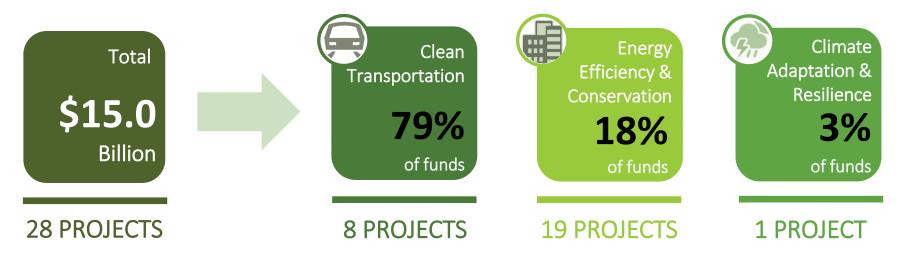
Ontario's Green Bonds

• Ontario is currently the largest issuer of Canadian dollar Green Bonds:



 Green Bonds serve as an important tool to help Ontario finance public transit initiatives, extreme weatherresistant infrastructure, and energy efficiency and conservation projects.

Overall Allocation By Framework Category





Net Debt-to-GDP



Net Debt-to-Revenue

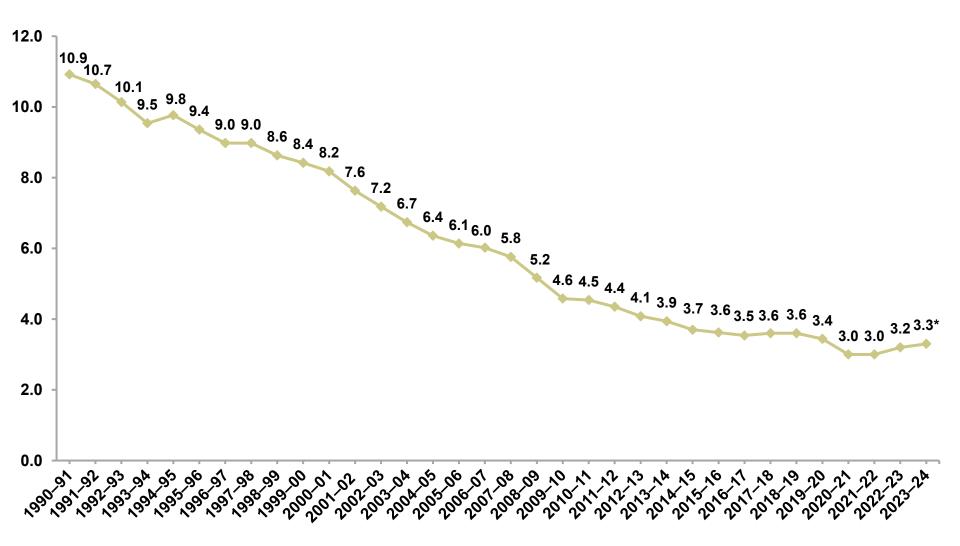
Per Cent ---- Planning Projection **Faster Growth Scenario** ---- Slower Growth Scenario Net Debt-to-Revenue Target <200% 187 182 2022-23 2023-24 2024-25 2025-26 1001 08 09 104.05 105,06 9⁹⁸,9⁹ . 999.00 -000-01 001.02 103-04 000-01 009-10 1990-91 **Current Outlook &** Actuals Medium-Term Outlook Ontario 😵

IOD-to-Revenue



Effective Interest Rate (Weighted Average) on Total Debt

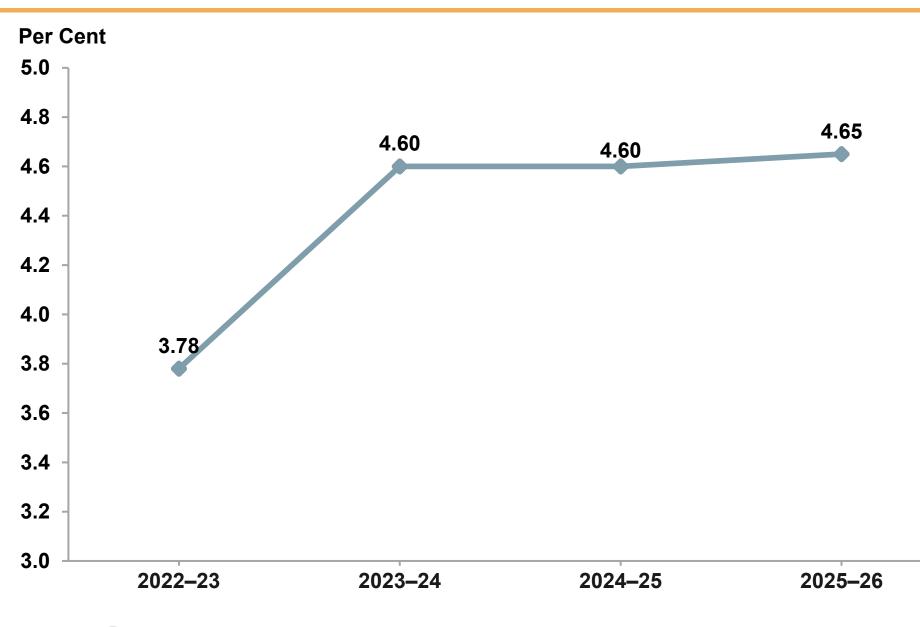






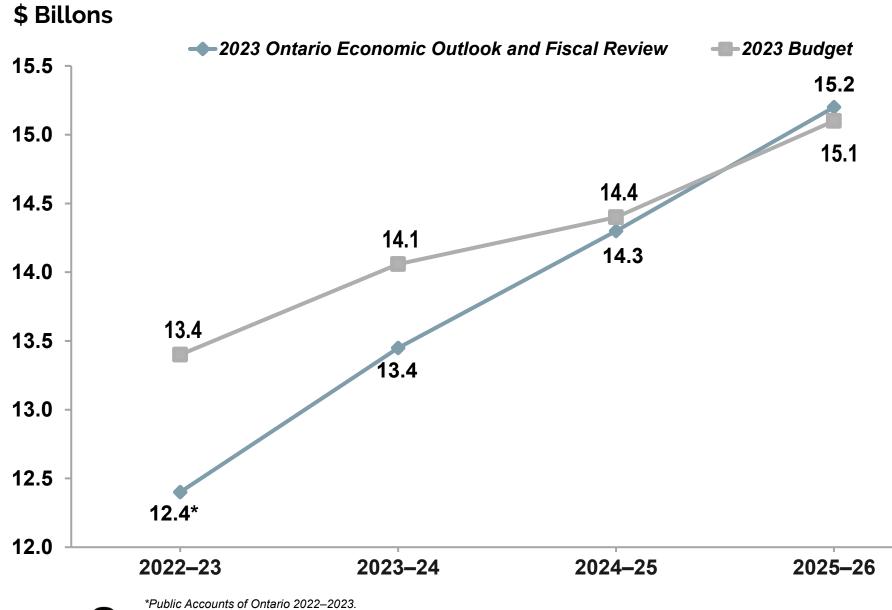
Sources: Public Accounts of Ontario (1990–1991 to 2022–2023) and Ontario Financing Authority.

Average Annual Ontario Borrowing Rates





Interest on Debt Expense Lower than 2023 Budget Forecast



Ontario Source: Ontario Financing Authority.

Credit Ratings

Rating Agencies	Long-term Rating	Short-term Rating	Outlook
Moody's	Aa3	P-1	positive
Fitch Ratings	AA-	F1+	stable
DBRS	AA (low)	R-1 (mid)	positive
STANDARD &POOR'S	A+	A-1	positive





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